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**Different Forms of Gender-Based Violence**

Gender-based violence takes **many** forms.

It can include (but is not limited to):

* Intimate partner violence, which can include a range of sexual, psychological and physical coercive acts used against adult and adolescents (particularly women and girls) by a current or former intimate partner;
* domestic violence;
* mental abuse;
* psychological violence, including threats, humiliation, mocking and controlling behaviours;
* emotional abuse;
* economic violence, such as denying access of the victim to financial resources, property, healthcare, education, or the labour market, and denying them participation in economic decision-making;
* sexual violence, including rape, sexual assault and harassment in all public and private spheres of life;
* physical violence;
* crimes committed in the name of so-called ‘honour’;
* institutional or structural violence, which includes any form of structural inequality or institutional discrimination that maintains a woman in an inferior position to other people within her family, household or community;
* forced marriage
* child marriage;
* female genital mutilation;
* female infanticide and sex-selective abortion;
* human trafficking, slavery, and sexual exploitation;
* stalking and harassment;
* emerging forms of violations, such as online harassment and abuse, various forms of sexual abuse instigated or facilitated through the use of information and communication technologies, stalking, and bullying.